Forestry Pollution Abatement





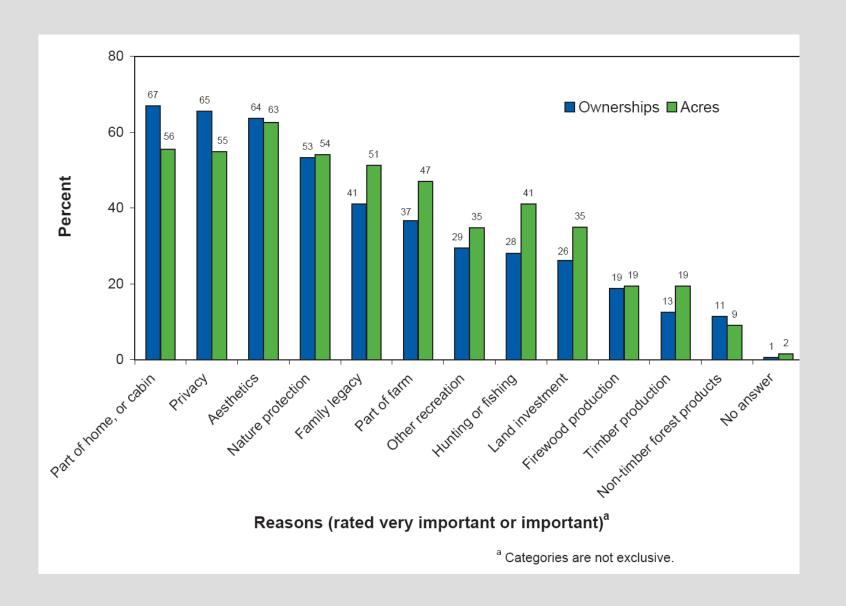
Bob MulliganForest Hydrology Manager

Why do own your forestland?

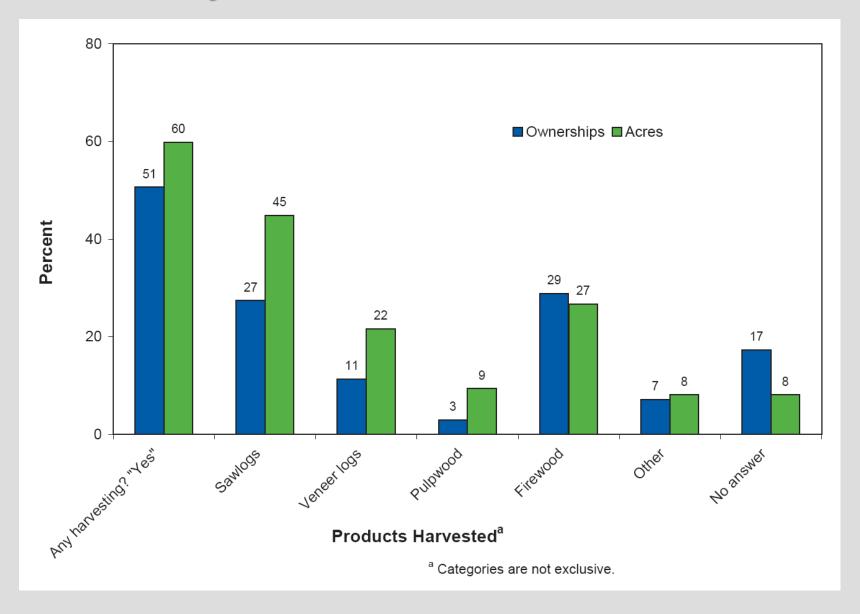


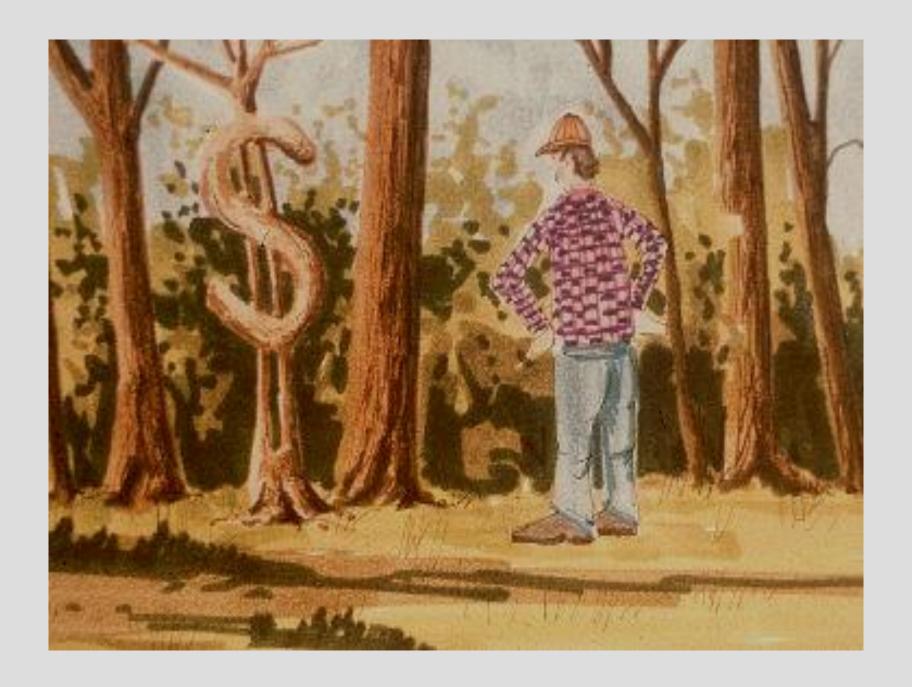
"I think I'd appreciate the outdoors more if all these stupid trees weren't blocking the view."

Why do Ohioans own forestland?



How many landowners harvest trees?





When Considering a Harvest, Most Landowners are...



Some Common Reasons People Harvest Trees

- Produce Income
- Improve Wildlife Habitat
- Improve the Overall Health of Your Forest
- Develop Recreational Activities
- Salvage Damaged Timber
- Change Land Use
- Others



GOOD NEWS:

Properly planned and administered timber harvests can help you to achieve your forest management objectives!

BAD NEWS:

Unplanned and poorly administered timber harvests can have negative impacts that last centuries.









The Process of Soil Erosion



- Detachment
 - Caused by the impact of rain drops on bare soil
 - Also caused by moving water
- Transport
 - Movement of soil
 - Increases as water velocity increases
- Deposition
 - Silt or detached soil is deposited in another location
 - Waters of Ohio?





1501:3-12-02 Forestry pollution

Each owner, operator, or person responsible for a silvicultural operation shall prevent forestry pollution caused by wind or water erosion. Silvicultural operations shall apply conservation practices in accordance with "BMPs For Erosion Control for Logging and Forestry Practices in Ohio", which are available to all Ohio county soil and water conservation districts, or other appropriate methods or management practices approved by the chief or authorized agent. Owners, operators, or persons responsible for silvicultural operations may file timber harvest plans with the district in the county where such operations are performed or with the chief or authorized agent.

BMPS FOR EROSION CONTROL for Logging and Forestry Practices in Ohio



What is Forestry Pollution?

OAC 1501:3-12-01



(9) "Forestry pollution" means failure to use management or conservation practices in silvicultural operations to abate wind or water erosion of the soil or to abate the degradation of the waters of the state by soil sediment, including attached substances, from silvicultural operations.

Waters of the State



"Waters of the state" means all streams, lakes, ponds, marshes, watercourses, waterways, wells, irrigation systems, drainage systems, and other bodies or accumulations of water, surface and underground, natural or artificial, regardless of the depth of the strata in which underground water is located, that are situated wholly or partly within, or border upon, this state, or are within its jurisdiction, except those private waters that do not combine or effect a junction with natural surface or underground waters.

What happens if a complaint is filed against my logging job?



The Ohio Administrative Code requires that all complaints be investigated within 3 working days.





- Ohio Division of Forestry is responsible for oversight of the investigation process.
- SWCD is typically first on the scene.



COMPLAINT PROCESS





- Any person being damaged or affected by <u>Forestry Pollution</u> may file a complaint with the local SWCD.
- Through written agreement (MOU) with the Chief of the Division of Forestry, SWCDs have authority to receive pollution complaints and investigate them.

COMPLAINT PROCESS



- Complaints may be written or verbal and should indicate:
 - location/description of the property or waters of the state allegedly being damaged
 - nature and extent of the damage
 - alleged sources of pollution
 - efforts made to obtain voluntary cooperation to eliminate the problem

COMPLAINT PROCESS





- During the site investigation, the SWCD will evaluate the operation to determine if forestry pollution exists.
- By Rule, forestry pollution is defined as: "Failure to use management or conservation practices in silvicultural operations to abate wind or water erosion of the soil or degradation of waters of the state by soil sediment and pollutants attached therto.

The Ohio Approach to Forestry Pollution



| State | ОН | WV | KY |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|
| THP Required? | Voluntary | Yes | Yes |
| Mandatory Inspections? | No | Yes | Yes |
| Logger Training Required? | By some log buyers. | Yes | Yes |
| License Required? | No | Yes | Yes |
| BMP's Required? | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Why does a <u>complaint driven</u> program work so well in Ohio when it failed in other states?



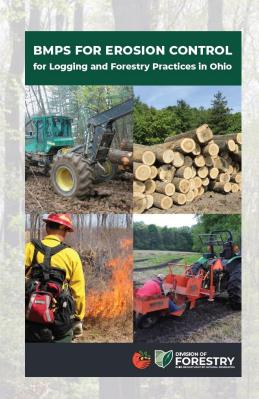
Ohio's 88 Soil and Water Conservation Districts!





Best Management Practices

- Reduce Soil Loss from Erosion
- Reduce Sediment in Streams
- Protect Natural Resources
 - forestland
 - water quality









Waterbars





Sediment Barriers





Timber Harvest Plans

- Are voluntary written plans that describe:
 - The responsible parties involved (landowner, logger, consulting forester, etc.)
 - Physical location of the property.
 - Property boundaries.
 - Location of stream and drainage pattern crossings.
 - Other critical areas.
 - Road and trail locations.
 - Log landings.
 - Buffer zones.
 - Soils information.
 - Proposed starting and completion dates.
 - BMPs that will be used during the harvest and at closure and where they will be located (using a USGS Topo Map).
 - Signatures of responsible parties.
- Provides for an Affirmative Defense
 - If you are sued in civil Court
 - Provided you are following the Plan

Ohio Timber Harvest Planning Program

Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Soil & Water Conservation

In cooperation with

Ohio's Soil & Water Conservation Districts

Program Purpose: This <u>voluntary</u> program is designed to assist woodland landowners, loggers and foresters with the preplanning of logging activity. The program is designed to help the responsible parties select Best Management Practices (BMPs) that will reduce soil erosion and maintain the harvest site to state standards found in the Agricultural Pollution Abatement Rules and Standards (Ohio Administrative Code-1501:15-5-01 to 1501-5-18).

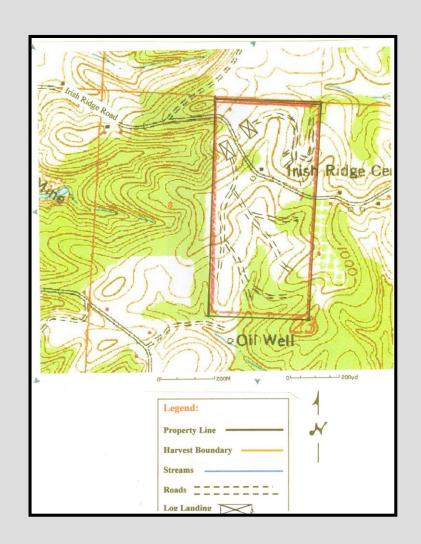
Timber Harvest Notice of Intent (NOI)

(For Voluntary Submittal)

| Landowner Name(s): Mailing Address: | | | | | | |
|--|------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Telephone No.: E-mail Address: | _Cell N | io: | | | | |
| Logging Company Name: | | | | | | |
| Contact Person: Telephone No.: E-mail Address: | Cell N | lo: | | | | |
| Certified Master Logging Company? Has logger attended BMP training within last 5 years? | Yes Yes | No No | | | | |
| Forester Name(s): Company or Organization Name: Mailing Address: | | | | | | |

The Map

- The map is the heart and soul of the Timber Harvest Plan.
- It should be legible, well thought out and have a legend with appropriate map symbols.
- Overlaid on a USGS Topography map.



Sale Closing

Stabilizes the soil to prevent future erosion

- Can benefit wildlife and aesthetics
- Should be completed ASAP after the harvest is completed (no more than 7days!)

Sale closing is second in importance only to planning the sale layout!!!



BMP Planning-Assistance

- Soil and Water Conservation Districts (SWCD)
 - Technical assistance with BMP placement etc.
 - Soils Information
 - Timber Harvest Plans

Ohio Master Logger Program

- Trained to use Best Management Practices (BMPs) to reduce soil erosion and improve the appearance
- Trained to employ safe and efficient timber cutting and logging.
- Certified in First Aid and CPR.
- Workers' Compensation coverage on employees.
- Company provides liability coverage on request.
- Must participate in advanced training and periodic recertification training.
- Member of local logger's chapter and the Company must be a member of the Ohio Forestry Association, Inc. Training
- http://www.ohioforest.org/

Call Before You Cut- http://callb4ucut.com

